

### **Types/ kinds/ varieties/areas of Individual Differences**

There are no two uniform or equal individuals in the society. People possess diverse differences, as :

1. Differences related to physical growth and development.
2. Differences related to mental development.
3. Differences related to motor development
- 4 Differences related to emotional development
5. Differences related to social development.
- 6 Differences related to linguistic development.
7. Differences related to moral and character development & Differences related to aesthetics development.
9. Differences related to interests and hobbies.
10. Differences related to attitudes
- II. Differences related to aptitude
12. Differences related to thinking and assumptions
13. Differences related to specific abilities.
14. Differences related to values and ideals.
15. Differences related to aspiration levels.
16. Differences related to learning capability.
17. Differences related to achievement.
18. Differences related to L.Q.
19. Differences related to study habits
20. Differences related to personality.

In addition to the above differences, some more differences are found in children the more important of individual differences are as follows:

**1. Differences at Intellectual Level:** All persons do not have similar intellect, some are gifted and others backward. On the basis of intelligence tests we can find out whether a child is genius, very superior, normal, dull or idiot.

**2. Differences in Physical Development:** Physical development in all individual is not uniform. Some persons are fat, some thin, some tall, some short, fair, some dark, some attractive, some ugly, some strong, some weak. Thus, we have difference from physical viewpoint. Physical differences arise from e birth itself, for example, having six fingers, flat or long nose, large lips, etc. Sometimes it can be acquired too, such losing a hand or leg in accident, getting mouth deformed, etc.

**3. Emotional Differences:** Different persons or children develop different types of emotions. Some persons are always happy, some dejected, some irritable, some angry, some peaceful, some serious, some emotional, some emotionally instable, some have normal behaviour, etc. They may have tense behaviour and restlessness.

**4. Differences in Motor-Ability:** We can differences in different person as far as their motor ability is concerned. Some develop it fast and some late. Some children do a task immediately and skillfully while other children of their age can't do it.

**5. Differences in Interest:** Generally the interests of all persons are different from one another, some have interest in reading, some in playing. Some have interest in good clothes, some in good clothes, some in music, some in films. The factors such as family background and level of development influence the interests of children.

**6. Differences in Learning:** Differences can be seen in their learning. This difference is seen not only among children of different age groups but also of the same age groups. Some children are very skillful at learning while others learn the same thing belatedly.

**7. Differences in Specific Abilities:** Differences can be seen in persons in the field of specific abilities. Some children are good at English, some in mathematics or Hindi. Some children are good at reading, some in writing. All persons do not have specific abilities and there is difference in the amount; for example, all players don't have the same standard.

**8. Social Differences:** Differences are found in boys and girls in their social development. Some children become socially mature soon and some late. There is difference in the children from social traits viewpoint too. Some children have leadership qualities while some children like to follow. Some are extrovert and some are introvert. Some are skillful at quarrelling while others at befriending.